

What Is Claimed Is:

*See B1* 1. A method for suppressing disease caused or enhanced by effects of intracellular iron mismanagement comprising:  
3 increasing the intracellular amount of at least one ferritin-H or a derivative thereof to an  
4 effective level.

*1* 2. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 1 wherein exogenous ferritin-H or derivative  
*B* thereof is introduced into globin-producing cells.

*1* 3. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 1 wherein the globin-producing cells are  
*2* fused with liposomal constructs containing ferritin-H or derivative thereof.

*1* 4. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 1 wherein the ferritin-H or derivative thereof  
*2* is produced by inducing expression of an endogenous ferritin gene of the globin-producing cell.

*a*  
1 5. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 1 wherein the intracellular concentration  
2 ferritin-H or a derivative thereof is elevated by repressing expression of Ferritin-L or a derivative  
3 thereof.

1       6. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 1 wherein the expression of ferritin-L or a  
2 derivative thereof is repressed by introduction into the cell of antisense DNA specific to the ferritin-  
3 L or derivative thereof.

1       7. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 1 wherein the ferritin-H or derivative  
2 thereof is produced after transfection of at least one cell with a vector encoding ferritin-H or a  
3 derivative thereof.

8. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 7 wherein the transfection occurs *in vivo*.

9. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 7 wherein the transfection occurs *ex vivo*.

10. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 7 wherein the transfection comprises  
inserting the vector into a liposomal construct having a ligand or antibody on the surface of the  
construct that is capable of binding to a specific receptor on the surface of a cell.

11. A method for treating sickle cell disease comprising:  
suppressing the expression of adult  $\beta$ -globin genes in globin-producing cells with ferritin-  
H or a derivative thereof.

12. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 11 wherein exogenous ferritin-H or  
a derivative thereof is introduced into globin-producing cells.

1       13. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 12 wherein the globin-producing cells  
2       are fused with liposomal constructs containing ferritin-H or a derivative thereof.

1       14. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 11 wherein the ferritin-H or derivative  
2       thereof is produced by inducing expression of an endogenous ferritin gene of the globin-producing  
3       cell.

1       15. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 11 wherein the intracellular  
2       concentration ferritin-H or a derivative thereof is elevated by repressing expression of Ferritin-L or  
3       a derivative thereof.

1       16. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 15 wherein the expression of ferritin-  
2       L or a derivative thereof is repressed by introduction into the cell of antisense DNA specific to the  
3       ferritin-L or derivative thereof.

1       17. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 11 wherein the ferritin-H or  
2       derivative thereof is produced after transfection of at least one cell with a vector encoding ferritin-H  
3       or a derivative thereof.

1       18. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 17 wherein the transfection  
2       comprises inserting the vector into a liposomal construct having a ligand or antibody on the surface  
3       of the construct that is capable of binding to a specific receptor on the surface of a cell.

1       19. The method for treating sickle cell disease of claim 11 wherein the ferritin-H or derivative  
2 thereof binds to the promoter region of the  $\beta$ -globin gene.

1       20. A method for treating sickle cell disease comprising:  
2              administering to a patient a ferritin-containing vehicle in a pharmaceutically acceptable  
3              carrier, said vehicle targeting hematopoietic stem cells, erythroid precursor cells or, hematopoietic  
4              cells.

✓ 21. A method for treating neurological disorders caused or enhanced by excess intracellular  
iron, the method comprising:

increasing the intracellular amount of ferritin-H or a derivative thereof in affected neural  
cells to an effective level.

✓ 22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising  
ferritin-H or a derivative thereof; and,  
a cell specific targeting ligand.

✓ 23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising:  
a gene encoding ferritin-H or a derivative thereof; and,  
a suitable transfection vector.